Agenda Item: 6.

# MEMORANDUM

To: Finance, Expenditures and Legal Subcommittee

From: Carey Fry, District Accountant

Subject: FY 2014 Audit

Date: December 9, 2014

• It is staff's recommendation that the FEL Subcommittee recommend to the Board of Directors that the FY2014 Audit Report, prepared by HSMC Orizon, LLC, be accepted and that the General Manager be directed to file an authenticated copy of the audit report with the Nebraska Auditor of Public Accounts and the Nebraska Natural Resources Commission.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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November 7, 2014

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison information on pages 3–9 and 40-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 42-53 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 54-55 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 0applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information on pages 42-53 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated November 7, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HSMC Qrizon LLC HSMC ORIZON LLC

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the financial performance of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow. The discussion primarily focuses on the District's general fund, although the proprietary funds are also analyzed.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position increased by \$12,260,144, which is a 7.8% increase in total net position.
- Total governmental activities net position are comprised of the following:
  - 1) Net investment in capital assets of \$104,374,262. Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, is reduced for the outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - Restricted net position \$35,157,487. General obligation bond proceeds from special bonding authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature are restricted to providing funding for specific flood control projects.
  - Unrestricted net position of \$22,110,033. These assets are available to maintain the District's continuing obligations. Unrestricted net position includes assets reserved for specific purposes by Board resolution but not restricted by debt covenants or laws and regulations.
- Revenues on the general fund financial statements totaled \$28,267,004. This is an increase of \$5,147,108 from last year's revenues of \$23,119,896.
- The net increase in capital assets was \$26,745,978 to a total of \$184,204,937.
- Total long-term debt of the District increased from \$32,086,615 to \$72,168,660 during the fiscal year. Long-term debt from business-type activities decreased by \$370,061 to \$2,436,883. The \$40,452,106 increase in long-term debt from governmental activities occurred primarily due to the issuance of 2013 Series B Water Quality Enhancement Bonds.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements, which include the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities and a perspective of current financial resources and obligations.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Government-wide Financial Statements, Continued

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include general government administration, projects aimed at ground and surface water protection, flood threat protection, soil and wildlife conservation efforts, public services such as trail maintenance and educational materials, and recreation. The District's business-type activities include four rural water systems and four other waterway construction and preservation projects.

#### Statement of Net Position

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the District's capital assets, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

#### Statement of Activities

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by property tax collections.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District is comprised of the governmental fund, seven proprietary funds, and one fiduciary fund. The governmental fund encompasses essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different, with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability, focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

A budgetary comparison schedule is included as required supplementary information to the basic financial statements for the general fund. This schedule demonstrates compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary funds generally report services for which the District charges customers a fee. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The Dakota County, Washington County and Thurston County Rural Water Systems, as well as four waterway reconstruction projects, comprise the District's proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major enterprise funds. Individual fund information for non-major enterprise funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. Fiduciary fund statements focus on net position and the change in net position and are accounted for on the accrual basis. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that have entered into an inter-local agreement to fund engineering studies addressing water quantity and quality issues in the Papillion Creek drainage area.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the District's non-major proprietary funds and expenditures of federal awards.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole. The following table summarizes the District's net position.

#### Summary of Net Position

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Type Activities			
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Current and other assets	\$ 62,673,462	\$ 33,774,566	\$ 2,230,219	\$ 2,572,112		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	176,281,532	149,411,740	7,923,405	8,047,219		
Total assets	238,954,994	183,186,306	10,153,624	10,619,331		
Long-term liabilities	69,257,233	28,819,687	2,097,201	1,889,424		
Other liabilities	8,055,979	5,148,269	389,435	958,792		
Total liabilities	77,313,212	33,967,956	2,486,636	2,848,216		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	104,374,262	120,132,069	5,486,522	5,240,275		
Restricted	35,157,487	11,530,725	240,386	240,205		
Unrestricted	22,110,033	17,555,556	1,940,080	2,290,635		
Total net position	\$161,641,782	\$ 149,218,350	\$ 7,666,988	\$ 7,771,115		

The District reported positive balances in net position for both governmental and business-type activities. Since net position increased \$12,423,432 for governmental activities and decreased \$104,127 for business-type activities, the District's overall financial position improved during fiscal year 2014.

The table on the next page summarizes the District's changes in net position from revenues and expenditures. The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations, since taxes provide approximately 62% of the District's total governmental revenues.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Summary of Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Activities			Busines	s-Type Activities	5
		2014	% of Total	2013	2014	% of Total	2013
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	627,547	2.1%	\$ 522,511	\$ 1,168,800	91.8% \$	1,073,111
Operating grants and							
contributions		6,135,986	20.7%	3,423,578	-	-	-
Capital Grants		4,432,813	15.0%	835,955	-	-	-
General Revenues							
Property taxes		18,267,761	61.6%	17,780,798	-	-	-
Assessment income		-	-	-	83,770	6.6%	85,363
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on sale of fixed assets		137,036	0.5%	206,776	-	-	15,500
Interest income		48,861	<u>0.1</u> %	12,397	 20,547	1.6%	29,300
Total revenues		29,650,004	<u>100.0</u> %	22,782,015	 1,273,117	<u>100.0</u> %	1,203,274
Expenses							
General administration		8,902,569	51.5%	6,248,014	-	-	-
Infromation and education		204,621	1.2%	210,342	-	-	-
Flood prevention		4,529,287	26.2%	4,349,990	-	-	-
Erosion control		1,362,963	7.9%	1,572,483	-	-	-
Water quality		553,950	3.2%	479,502	-	-	-
Recreation		701,478	4.0%	1,288,449	-	-	-
Forestry and wildlife		1,030,865	6.0%	318,575	-	-	-
Major proprietary funds		-	-	-	898,954	65.3%	700,113
Other proprietary funds		-			 478,290	34.7%	493,246
Total expenses		17,285,733	<u>100.0</u> %	14,467,355	 1,377,244	100.0%	1,193,359
Change in net position		12,364,271		8,314,660	(104,127)		9,915
Beginning net position (restated)	1	149,277,511		140,962,851	7,771,115		7,761,200
Ending net position	\$ 1	61,641,782		\$ 149,277,511	\$ 7,666,988	\$	7,771,115

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

#### **Governmental Fund**

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be reported in a separate fund. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$26,901,489 to \$55,626,579, this increase is primarily due to issuance of new water quality enhancement bonds of which all the proceeds have not been spent.

#### Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The District's major proprietary fund for this fiscal year was Washington County Rural Water System. Net position of this fund decreased \$178,889. Net position of the non-major proprietary funds increased by \$74,762. Total proprietary fund net position decreased by \$104,127.

#### BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's Board of Directors adopts a budget each fiscal year that complies with the reporting regulations imposed by the State of Nebraska. This budget can be modified during the year with the approval of the Board. Economic factors, such as property tax rates and the availability of federal and state funding, play a major role in the District's budgeting process.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014, was \$104,374,262 and \$5,486,522, respectively. The net investment decreased 13.1% for governmental and increased 4.7% for business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

#### Long-term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$72,168,660 in bonds, notes, and leases outstanding. \$2,436,883 of this debt is attributable to the proprietary funds for construction of the rural water distribution systems. \$68,825,000 is attributable to general obligation bonds issued for construction of flood control projects, \$803,113 to construction financing for the Washington County Service Center, and \$103,664 to capital leases of equipment.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Factors considered in preparing the District's budget for fiscal year 2015 include the following:

- Property tax receipts of \$19.0 million are expected. This is a slight increase from the previous fiscal year due to a slight increase in property valuation with the tax levy remaining constant.
- Projects related to flood prevention, erosion control, and recreational trails are anticipated to
  require the heaviest expenditures during fiscal years 2014 and 2015. These projects will be
  financed by several methods, including federal and/or state funding, cost sharing agreements
  with other local governments, property taxes and general obligation bond proceeds from
  special authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature intended to provide funding of
  flood control projects.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the District Accountant at 8901 South 154<sup>th</sup> Street, Omaha, NE 68138.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS

	AGGETO		Prima	ry Government		
	Gover	nmental Activities		ss-type Activities		Total
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,847,005	\$	594,659	\$	10,441,664
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers	Ψ	315,666	Ψ	-	Ψ	315,666
Certificates of deposit		50,000		1,069,916		1,119,916
Taxes receivable		7,806,607		1,000,010		7,806,607
Service receivables		19,437		126,511		145,948
Interest receivable		20		1,726		143,940
		20		337,148		337,148
Currrent portion of intsallment receivable		-		557,140		266,29
Prepaid expenses		266,294 9,029,055		-		9,029,05
Intergovernmental receivables				-		9,029,05
Intrafund balances		181,891		(181,891)		-
Inventories Total current assets		- 27,515,975		<u>41,764</u> 1,989,833		41,764 29,505,808
Total current assets	. <u> </u>	27,515,975		1,909,035		29,303,000
ONCURRENT ASSETS:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		35,157,487		197,700		35,355,187
Restricted certificates of deposit		-		42,686		42,680
Capital assets:						
Land		67,207,729		214,215		67,421,944
Construction in progress		47,779,158		-		47,779,15
Capital improvements and infrastructure		118,301,560		9,567,799		127,869,35
Buildings and improvements		6,796,376		-		6,796,37
Vehicles and equipment		4,357,176		122,080		4,479,25
Accumulated depreciation		(68,160,467)		(1,980,689)		(70,141,15
Total capital assets		176,281,532		7,923,405		184,204,937
Total noncurrent assets	. <u> </u>	211,439,019		8,163,791		219,602,810
	\$	238,954,994	\$	10,153,624	\$	249,108,618
LIA	BILITIES AND NET P	POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	3,350,330	\$	42,740	\$	3,393,070
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings		167,672		-		167,672
Accrued expenses		94,400		7,013		101,413
Line of credit		2,175,493		-		2,175,49
Current portion of long-term debt		2,109,974		339,682		2,449,65
Current portion of accrued compensated absences		158,110		-		158,110
Total current liabilities		8,055,979		389,435		8,445,414
ONG-TERM LIABILITIES:						
Long-term debt, less current portion		67,621,803		2,097,201		69,719,004
Premium on bonds payable		1,156,895		2,007,201		1,156,895
Accrued compensated absences, less current portion		478,535		_		478,53
				0.007.001		
Total long-term liabilities		69,257,233		2,097,201		71,354,434
Total liabilities		77,313,212		2,486,636		79,799,848
ET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		104,374,262		5,486,522		109,860,784
Restricted		35,157,487		240,386		35,397,873
Unrestricted		22,110,033		1,940,080		24,050,11
Total net position		161,641,782		7,666,988		169,308,770
	\$	238,954,994	\$	10,153,624	\$	249,108,618
	<u>.</u>	, ,	<u> </u>	,,	<u>-</u>	·, · · · · ·

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Program Revenues			Net Revenue (E	xpenses) and Chang	es in Net Assets
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: General administration Information and education Flood prevention Erosion control Water quality Recreation Forestry and wildlife	\$ 8,902,569 204,621 4,529,287 1,362,963 553,950 701,478 1,030,865	\$ 496,794 123,738 1,395 5,620	\$ 102,915 - 1,022,551 3,421,250 89,228 1,500,042	\$	\$ (8,302,860) (204,621) 191,389 2,916,713 (463,327) 804,184 (1,030,865)	\$	\$ (8,302,860) (204,621) 191,389 2,916,713 (463,327) 804,184 (1,030,865)
	17,285,733	627,547	6,135,986	4,432,813	(6,089,387)	<u>-</u>	(6,089,387)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Washington County Rural Water Non-major proprietary funds	<u> </u>	701,320 467,480	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(197,634) (10,810)	(197,634) (10,810)
	1,377,244	1,168,800	<u> </u>			(208,444)	(208,444)
	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 1,796,347</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 4,432,813	(6,089,387)	(208,444)	(6,297,831)
		GENERAL REVEN Property taxes Assessment incon Gain on sale of fix Interest income	me		18,267,761 - 137,036 48,861	- 83,770 - <u>20,547</u>	18,267,761 83,770 137,036 69,408
					18,453,658	104,317	18,557,975
		CHANGE IN NET P	POSITION		12,364,271	(104,127)	12,260,144
		PRIOR PERIOD AD		as previously reported	149,218,350 297,851 (238,690)	7,771,115	156,989,465 297,851 (238,690)
			EGINNING OF YEAR,	as restated	149,277,511	7,771,115	157,048,626
		NET POSITION - E	ND OF YEAR		<u>\$ 161,641,782</u>	<u>\$7,666,988</u>	\$ 169,308,770

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	G	eneral Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,847,005
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers		315,666
Certificates of deposit		50,000
Receivables:		
Taxes		7,806,607
Services		19,437
Interest		20
Prepaid expenses		266,294
Due from:		
Funding agencies - federal programs		2,092,228
Other governmental entities		6,936,827
Other funds		181,891
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		35,157,487
	\$	62,673,462
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		
Accounts payable	\$	3,350,330
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings	Ŧ	167,672
Accrued expenses		158,355
Line of credit		<u>2,175,493</u>
Total liabilities		5,851,850
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,195,033
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable		266,294
Restricted		37,249,715
Committed		540,820
Assigned		50,000 17,519,750
Unassigned Total fund balance		55,626,579
		00,020,070
	\$	62,673,462

### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund		\$ 55,626,579
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:		
Land and infrastructure Construction in progress Capital improvements Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	\$ 67,207,729 47,779,158 118,301,560 6,796,376 4,357,176 (68,160,467)	176,281,532
Liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Accrued interest Compensated absences Bonds and notes payable Premium on bonds payable		(94,155) (478,535) (69,731,777) (1,156,895)
Property tax revenues, not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		 1,195,033
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 161,641,782

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

REVENUES:	
General administration	\$ 18,269,882
Flood prevention	5,599,113
Erosion control	4,279,676
Forestry and wildlife	5
Water quality	90,623
Recreation	 27,705
Total revenues	 28,267,004
EXPENDITURES:	
Flood prevention	27,150,049
General administration	10,697,755
Erosion control	3,491,237
Recreation	1,207,323
Forestry and wildlife	882,390
Water quality	566,790
Information and education	 204,621
Total expenditures	 44,200,165
OTHER SOURCES:	
Net proceeds from issuance of bonds payable	 42,834,650
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	26,901,489
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 28,725,090
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 55,626,579

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Government Fund			\$ 26,901,489
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlays and capital asset expenditures:	•		
Land, improvements and construction in progress additions Vehicles, machinery, equipment, and furniture	\$	28,867,275 220,023	
Depreciation expense Net book value of disposals			29,087,298 (2,482,373) (32,985)
Principal payments on bonds use current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these payments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Principal payments on bonds and leases			2,147,894
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds However, these payments increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Proceed from issuance of bonds and capital leases			(42,600,000)
Effects of Bond premiums, discounts and similar items			(708,665)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Decrease in long-term compensated absences			11,148
Decrease in accrued interest payable			148,637
Full accrual accounting records tax revenues when earned. Modified accrual records tax revenues that are measurable and available.			
Difference in property tax revenue accrual			 (108,172)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 12,364,271

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	Total (Memorandum Only)								Washington County Rural Water	lon-major rietary Funds
CURRENT ASSETS:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	594,659	\$ 163,309	\$ 431,350						
Certificates of deposit		1,069,916	702,869	367,047						
Service receivables		126,511	84,451	42,060						
Interest receivable		1,726	1,298	428						
Current portion of installment receivable		337,148	337,148	-						
Inventories		41,764	 7,595	 34,169						
Total current assets		2,171,724	 1,296,670	 875,054						
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:										
Reserved cash and cash equivalents		197,700	197,700	-						
Restricted certificates of deposit		42,686	-	42,686						
Capital assets :										
Land		214,215	1,000	213,215						
Capital improvements and infrastructure		9,567,799	6,837,807	2,729,992						
Vehicles and equipment		122,080	64,621	57,459						
Accumulated depreciation		(1,980,689)	 (1,075,105)	 (905,584)						
Total capital assets		7,923,405	 5,828,323	 2,095,082						
Total non-current assets		8,163,791	 6,026,023	 2,137,768						
	\$	10,335,515	\$ 7,322,693	\$ 3,012,822						
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION										
CURRENT LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable	\$	42,740	\$ 30,553	\$ 12,187						
Accrued expenses		7,013	4,747	2,266						
Due to other funds		181,891	38,699	143,192						
Current portion of long-term debt		339,682	 316,000	 23,682						
Total current liabilities		571,326	389,999	181,327						
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:										
Long-term debt, less current portion		2,097,201	 1,771,510	 325,691						
Total liabilities		2,668,527	 2,161,509	 507,018						
NET POSITION:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,486,522	3,740,813	1,745,709						
Restricted		240,386	197,700	42,686						
Unrestricted		1,940,080	 1,222,671	 717,409						
Total net position		7,666,988	 5,161,184	 2,505,804						
	\$	10,335,515	\$ 7,322,693	\$ 3,012,822						

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Total (Memorandum Only)		Washington County Rural Water		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Water sales	\$	1,020,132	\$	586,669	\$	433,463
Customer charges and hookup fees		136,587		104,005		32,582
Miscellaneous		12,081		10,646		1,435
Total operating revenues		1,168,800		701,320		467,480
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Repairs and maintenance		22,955		18,730		4,225
Supplies and postage		10,657		3,196		7,461
Professional services		27,950		20,638		7,312
Personnel		426,303		205,574		220,729
Telephone, utilities and rent		23,856		12,265		11,591
Miscellaneous		2,198		922		1,276
Water purchase		313,643		214,474		99,169
Contract costs		294,059		245,104		48,955
Project construction and land		4,871		3,494		1,377
Project operation and maintenance		4,426		-		4,426
Depreciation and amortization		123,813		79,950		43,863
Vehicle expense		8,163		-		8,163
Indirect cost		418		375		43
Total operating expenses		1,263,312		804,722		458,590
OPERATING INCOME		(94,512)		(103,402)		8,890
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Assessment revenue		83,770		-		83,770
Interest income		20,547		18,745		1,802
Interest expense		(113,932)		(94,232)		(19,700)
Total non-operating income (expense)		(9,615)		(75,487)		65,872
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(104,127)		(178,889)		74,762
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,771,115		5,340,073		2,431,042
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	7,666,988	\$	5,161,184	<u>\$</u>	2,505,804

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Total (Memorandum Only)		Washington Rural Water		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		• • -			· · · ·	•
Cash received from customers	\$	1,142,504	\$	675,952	\$	466,552
Cash paid to employees		(426,303)		(205,574)		(220,729)
Cash paid to suppliers		(696,354)		(493,276)		(203,078)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		19,847		(22,898)		42,745
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investments (purchased) proceeds		(2,948)		(1,864)		(1,084)
Payments from installment receivable		343,773		343,773		
Interest received		24,871		22,075		2,796
Net cash provided by investing activities		365,696		363,984		1,712
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Payments on long-term debt		(370,061)		(347,490)		(22,571)
Interest paid		(113,932)		(94,232)		(19,700)
Interfund financing		(230,866)		(76,082)		(154,784)
Assessments received		83,770		-		83,770
Net cash used in capital and related						
financing activities		(631,089)		(517,804)		(113,285)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(245,546)		(176,718)		(68,828)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,037,905		537,727		500,178
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	792,359	\$	361,009	\$	431,350
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS Operating income (loss) Depreciation and amortization	\$	(94,512) 123,814	\$	(103,402)	\$	8,890 12,864
Changes in assets and liabilities:		123,014		79,950		43,864
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(26,297)		(25,368)		(929)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		8,361		6,412		1,949
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		11,739		22,477		(10,738)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		(3,258)		(2,967)		(10,700) (291)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	19,847	\$	(22,898)	\$	42,745

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

### ASSETS

ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Dues receivable Total assets	\$ 602,837 
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$ 275,997 <u>187,500</u> 463,497
NET POSITION: Held in trust for other organizations	<u> </u>

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

ADDITIONS:	
Partnership dues	\$ 372,500
Interest	 333
Total additions	 372,833
DEDUCTIONS:	
Reimbursement to Omaha	310,397
Administration fees	114,879
Miscellaneous expenses	 99
Total deductions	 425,375
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(52,542)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 192,882
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 140,340

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Introduction**

This summary of significant accounting policies of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") is presented to assist in understanding the District's government-wide and fund financial statements. These financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### Organization and Principal Activity

The District is one of 23 natural resource districts organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska to aid in the conservation, protection, development, and management of the natural resources of the State. Furthermore, the District participates in jointly funded governmental improvement projects. These projects are cost-sharing arrangements, as the District does not necessarily retain an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the projects.

#### Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, that define the financial reporting entity as the one consisting of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements include the transactions of the District's primary government and one fiduciary fund. The primary government has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other governments. The District has no component units and is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

#### **Financial Statement Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to governmental organizations in the United States. Such principles are prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States of America. In accordance with these principles, the financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and grants from other governments, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to support its operations.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column (individual funds are not presented). Because of the economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, all financial and capital resources of the District, including long-term assets as well as long-term debt, are reported. Liabilities with maturities greater than one year are reported in two components: the amount due within one year and that due in more than one year.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in four categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

- Expendable include resources in which the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- Nonexpendable consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purposes of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted - amounts that do not meet the definition of the three preceding categories. These amounts often are designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations and often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Program revenues include charges for services, which report fees and other charges to users of the District's services, operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income, and capital grants and contributions, which fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

#### Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in an individual fund based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which the spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types in the fund financial statements of this report as follows:

#### Governmental Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the operation of the District's activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. Generally, the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expense of providing goods or services to others on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through sales or other forms of user charges. All proprietary funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their Statement of Net Position.

The District reports the Washington County Rural Water System as a major proprietary fund presented individually in the financial statements. This fund accounts for fees charged for rural water services provided to residents in the respective counties. The remaining non-major funds are presented in accordance with the criteria set forth by GASB.

#### Fiduciary Fund

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed that have combined resources to fund engineering studies.

Governmental fund equity is reported as fund balance. For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

a. Nonspendable - This fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the Board of Directors to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposed stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the District can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.
- c. Committed This fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Directors, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or the General Manager delegated that authority by the Board of Directors.
- e. Unassigned This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The District complies with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District applies all relevant GASB Pronouncements. Proprietary funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

#### Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period levied, regardless of when the cash is collected. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

#### Measuring Focus/Basis of Accounting, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this period, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures, such as principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is due.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial reporting purposes, the District classifies all highly-liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value which approximates cost. The District's investment policy allows investment in U.S. government obligations and short-term interest bearing investments consisting of certificates of deposit and other income producing securities. It is also the District's policy to report interest earned but not received in a separate account from the principal.

#### Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are considered fully-collectible so no allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary. Tax amounts not received within sixty days are considered deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

#### **Inventories**

The proprietary funds' inventories, consisting primarily of maintenance supplies, are stated at cost. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements over \$5,000 are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense accounts as incurred. Interest costs incurred on funds used to construct property, plant, and equipment are capitalized and recorded as part of the asset to which it relates and are amortized over the asset's useful life.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation of the individual asset are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations for the respective period. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. The estimated useful lives for significant capital asset categories are as follows:

	Years
Capital improvements and infrastructure	7-100
Buildings and improvements	20-30
Vehicles and equipment	3-10
Water distribution systems	25-50

In the governmental fund financial statements, structural improvements (reservoirs, drainage systems, or any other projects) constructed by the District for any of its purposes are recorded as expenditures at the time of construction. In addition, major acquisitions of land that may have a future saleable value associated with project costs are reported as capital improvements and are recorded as a current period governmental fund expenditure.

In the government-wide financial statements, structural improvements, land acquisitions, equipment purchases, public domain costs, infrastructure costs (such as dams, levees, reservoirs and drainage systems), and similar assets are included as capital assets. The District records proposed infrastructure at the historical cost of the land until the actual infrastructure construction costs are incurred and capitalized.

#### Compensated Absences

The District's employees are granted annual leave and sick pay in varying amounts based on length of service and actual hours worked. Annual leave and unused sick pay may be carried over at year-end up to 53 days and 180 days, respectively. After one year of service, employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave and 25% of accrued sick leave, upon termination.

#### Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the counties on December 31 and are delinquent if not paid by March or April 1 and August or September 1 following the levy date. The seven counties located within the District collect the taxes levied by the District. The portion of the property taxes levied by the District is remitted from the counties as the taxes are collected, less a one percent commission. For fiscal year 2014, the taxes levied totaled \$17,570,415 at a tax levy rate of \$0.032753 per \$100 of valuation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

#### Property Taxes, Continued

The placement of a lien against property with delinquent taxes in the various counties is at the discretion of the respective county attorneys. However, the vast majority of delinquent property taxes are purchased through transactions called tax certificate sales. In the event the property owner does not pay the property taxes to the County Treasurer within three years, the holder of the tax certificate has the right to take ownership of the property.

#### Use of Estimates

Preparing the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Allocation of Indirect Expenses/Interfund Activity

The District is responsible for paying all employee wages and vehicle and fuel expenses of the rural water district proprietary funds. The portion of these expenses directly attributable to the proprietary funds, plus a 15% surcharge to cover administrative costs, is billed to and reimbursed by each rural water district. General administration services include overall District management, centralized budgetary formulation and oversight, accounting, payroll, investing and cash management, personnel services, and other general administration services. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenses in the respective funds. The actual amount of indirect cost reimbursement received by the District at June 30, 2014, was \$377,886. These reimbursements are included as an offset in the general administration expenses in the Statement of Activities.

#### Cost Sharing Reimbursements

The District participates in multiple cost sharing agreements with various other governmental entities, such as the City of Omaha or other area natural resource districts, on a regular basis. These agreements provide funding for recreational trails, water drainage systems, and other improvements that benefit the general public. The District's share of the cost is stated in each of the cost sharing agreements, most often as a maximum amount to be paid. The District normally does not retain an interest in the projects, with the city or other governmental entities providing the routine maintenance as necessary.

#### Economic Dependency

The District receives the majority of its revenues from property tax rates subject to legislative change and from various grants funded by federal, state, and local governments.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that period. The District currently does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that period. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category: Unavailable revenue received after the availability period. This includes property taxes plus other local taxes and fees received after 30 days. They are reported as deferred inflows on the governmental funds balance sheet and will be recognized next year.

#### 2. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

An annual budget is adopted each fiscal year for the General and Proprietary Funds on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as required by statute. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information in accordance with the statutory requirements of the Nebraska Budget Act:

On or before August 1, District management prepares and transmits a budget for each District fund showing the projected requirements, outstanding warrants, operating reserve, cash on hand at the close of the preceding fiscal year, projected revenue collected from sources other than property tax and amount to be raised by property taxation. At least one public hearing must be held by the District's Board of Directors.

On or before September 20, the budget is adopted by the Board of Directors and the amounts provided therein are appropriated. Once approved by the Board of Directors, the legally adopted budget can be modified only with the approval of the Board. No supplemental appropriations or modifications were made from the original budget.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year.

The District Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund through resolution. The Board may allow certain accounts to exceed 110% of their budgeted amount if District personnel provide reasonable justification for doing so before the expenditures occur.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Actual and Budget (Budgetary Basis) – Governmental Fund presents comparisons of legally adopted budgets to actual data prepared in accordance with the accounting basis indicated above.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, The District met all the budgetary requirements with the State of Nebraska. However, expenditures exceeded appropriations in both the Washington Rural Water Fund and the Western Sarpy Drainage Fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest excess cash in deposits at banks designated as depositories of the District, certificates of deposit, time deposits and in any securities in which the State investment officer is authorized to invest and as provided in the investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council.

Deposits and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

UNRESTRICTED AND UNRESERVED:	Total	General Fund	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
Checking accounts and petty cash	\$ 9,900,844 315,666	\$ 9,306,185	\$ 594,659
Cash on hand at County Treasurers Certificates of deposit	1,069,916	315,666	- 1,069,916
Total unrestricted and unreserved cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	11,286,426	9,621,851	1,664,575
UNRESTRICTED BUT RESERVED: Checking accounts Certificates of deposit	540,820 50,000	540,820 50,000	-
Total unrestricted but reserved cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	590,820	590,820	
RESTRICTED:			
Money markets and checking accounts Certificates of deposit	35,355,187 <u>42,686</u>	35,157,487	197,700 <u>42,686</u>
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents a certificates of deposit	35,397,873	35,157,487	240,386
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 47,275,119</u>	<u>\$ 45,370,158</u>	<u>\$ 1,904,961</u>

The carrying amount of the District's deposits, including fiduciary funds, was \$47,562,290 and the bank balances were \$47,666,594 at June 30, 2014. Certificates of deposit have been included in the bank and book balances for cash. At June 30, 2014, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance coverage, the full faith and credit of the United States government or pledged securities held by the bank in the District's name.

Investments are stated at fair value, which at June 30, 2014 approximates cost. For fiscal year 2014, the District invested only in U.S. Treasury Bills, other federal obligations, or certificates of deposits within federally insured banks and money market funds investing in these securities. The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

The District mitigates the following types of deposit and investment risks through compliance with the State Statutes referred to above and through compliance with its investment policies. However, the District has not adopted a policy to manage interest rate risk. The three types of deposit and investment risks are the following:

- <u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a bank or other counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments or collateral securities in the possession of a third-party.
- <u>Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, credit risk is the risk that a bank or other counterparty defaults on its principal and/or interest payments owed to the District.
- <u>Interest Rate Risk</u> for deposits and investments, interest rate risk is the risk that the value of deposits and investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates.

#### 4. RESERVED/RESTRICTED FUNDS

The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a sinking fund and reserved/restricted cash accounts for various purposes. All of the accounts are fully funded at their required levels at June 30, 2014. The following is a summary of the reservations placed on cash and investments for the year ended June 30, 2014:

General Sinking Funds:		
Unrestricted, but Reserved Certificate of Deposit	\$	50,000
Unrestricted, but Reserved Cash Accounts: Reserved for Wetland Mitigation and the development of future wetlands.		5,440
The Board of Directors, by resolution has reserved funds to be spent on costs incurred for Watershed Projects (WPRB-5, DS-15A, and Zorinksy Basin 1).		383,795
The Board of Directors, by resolution and in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act Agreement, has reserved funds to reimburse parties to this agreement that incurred costs as a result of the removal of ice jams.		151,585
Restricted Cash Accounts:		
The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a bond escrow which shall be restricted for use on the specific projects including Pigeon Jones, Western Sarpy Clear Creek, Waterloo Levee, WPRB-5, Dam Site		
15-A, and Zorinksy Basin 1.	_35	5 <u>,157,487</u>
Total general fund reserves	<u>\$ 35</u>	5,748,307

Proprietary Sinking Funds:

In compliance with loan covenants for the notes described in Note 9, the Proprietary Funds have restricted \$240,386. Thurston County has restricted a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$42,686 and Washington County Rural Water #2 has restricted cash in the amount of \$197,700.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

#### 5. INTERNAL BALANCES/INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/due from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services, goods, or other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Interfund balances at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Due to	Due from	<u>A</u>	mount
General Fund	Thurston County Rural Water	\$	7,062
General Fund	Washington Co. Rural Water		38,699
General Fund	Dakota County Rural Water		25,448
General Fund	Elkhorn River Stabilization		1,432
General Fund	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage		103,742
General Fund	Western Sarpy Drainage		5,508
		\$	181,891

#### 6. DUE FROM FUNDING AGENCIES

Revenue from governmental grants and contracts are recognized as earned when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Funds received from the various agencies less than or greater than the expenditures of the program are recorded as assets or liabilities, respectively. At June 30, 2014, \$6,936,827 was due from other governmental agencies.

The District has entered into several construction agreements that involve reimbursement from the federal government for a portion of the District's expenses associated with those construction projects. At June 30, 2014, the District had receivables due from the federal government in the amount of \$2,092,228.

#### 7. INSTALLMENT RECEIVABLES

#### **Proprietary Funds Receivable:**

Installment receivables due under interlocal agreements bear interest at rates ranging from 2.85% to 3.5%. Installment receivables were reduced for unearned finance charges of \$15,586 at June 30, 2013. Unearned finance charges are amortized to interest income using a method that approximates the interest method. Included in the amount on the balance sheet is \$15,996 of interest due in the current year, but received after year-end.

A summary of installment receivables at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Gross installment receivables Less: unearned finance charges	+	352,734 (15,586)
Installment receivables, net	\$	337,148
Current balance	<u>\$</u>	337,148

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

	Balance June 30, 2013 <u>As restated</u>	ne 30, 2013		Balance June 30, 2014	
Not depreciated Land Construction in	\$ 55,331,583	\$ 11,876,146	\$ -	\$ 67,207,729	
progress	32,572,799	17,001,618	(1,795,259)	47,779,158	
	87,904,382	28,877,764	(1,795,259)	114,986,887	
Depreciated Capital improvements					
and infrastructure	116,661,858	1,639,702	-	118,301,560	
Buildings and improvements Vehicles and	6,651,308	145,068	-	6,796,376	
equipment	4,187,165	220,023	(50,012)	4,357,176	
	127,500,331	2,004,793	(50,012)	129,455,112	
Less accumulated depreciation	(65,695,121)	(2,482,373)	17,027	(68,160,467)	
	61,805,210	(477,580)	(32,985)	61,294,645	
	<u>\$ 149,709,592</u>	<u>\$ 28,400,184</u>	<u>\$ (1,828,244</u> )	<u>\$ 176,281,532</u>	

The governmental funds allocated depreciation expense in the government-wide financial statements to the primary government functions as follows:

General administration	\$ 344,524	
Recreation	328,198	
Flood control	1,809,651	
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 2,482,373</u>	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 8. CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the Proprietary Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2013			Balance June 30, 2014
Not depreciated Land	<u>\$ 214,215</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 214,215</u>
Depreciated Capital improvements and infrastructure				
	9,567,799	-	-	9,567,799
Vehicles and equipment	122,080	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	122,080
	9,689,879	-	-	9,689,879
Less accumulated				
depreciation	(1,856,875)	<u>(123,814)</u>		<u>(1,980,689</u> )
	7,833,004	<u>(123,814)</u>	<u> </u>	7,709,190
	<u>\$ 8,047,219</u>	<u>\$ (123,814)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 7,923,405</u>

### 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

### General Fund Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014. In the government-wide financial statements, this amount is included in the Statement of Net Position. This amount is not reported in the governmental fund statements.

Fund	Due Date	Principal <u>Payable</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Principal <u>Balance</u>
General	December 2030	Semi-Annual	1.146% to 6.032%	\$11,775,000
General	March 2016	Semi-Annual	3.69%	803,113
General	December 2032	Annually	2.00% to 4.00%	15,200,000
General	December 2033	Semi-Annual	2.50% to 5.00%	41,850,000
General	December 2014	Annually	5.90%	39,051
General	August 2016	Annually	3.20%	64,613
				<u>\$69,731,777</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

# 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

### General Fund Long-term Debt, Continued:

Governmental <u>Activities</u> :	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds	\$12,305,000	\$-	\$ (530,000)	\$ 11,775,000	\$ 535,000
Flood Protection and Water Quality					
Enhancement Bonds	15,600,000	-	(400,000)	15,200,000	590,000
Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds	-	42,600,000	(750,000)	41,850,000	520,000
Note Payable American National					
Bank	1,182,897	-	(379,784)	803,113	394,126
Capital Leases: Dell Financial	11,872	-	(11,872)	-	-
CAT Financial	95,425	-	(30,812)	64,613	31,797
Wise Truck	84,477	<u> </u>	(45,426)	39,051	39,051
Total	<u>\$29,279,671</u>	<u>\$42,600,000</u>	<u>\$ (2,147,894</u> )	<u>\$ 69,731,777</u>	<u>\$2,109,974</u>

# Proprietary Funds Long-term Debt:

Fund	<u>Series</u>	Due <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Payable</u>	Payment <u>Ranges</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Principal <u>Balance</u>
Washington Rural Water Washington	2011A	June 2032	Annual	\$45,000 to \$295,000 \$19.000 to	1.00%- 5.00%	\$ 1,540,000
Rural Water Thurston Rural	2013	June 2017 December	Monthly	\$506,000 Based on	4.12%	547,510
Water Thurston Rural	1982	2022 February	Annual	water fees Based on	5.00%	166,601
Water	1993	2033	Annual	water fees	5.63%	182,772
Total long-term de	ebt					<u>\$ 2,436,883</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

### Proprietary Funds Long-term Debt, Continued:

Business-type <u>Activities</u> :	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds Payable: Water Project Refunding					
Revenue Bonds-2011A	\$ 1,835,000	\$-	\$ 295,000	\$ 1,540,000	\$ 295,000
Water Project Refunding					
Revenue Bonds-2011B	600,000	-	600,000	-	-
Water Project Refunding					
Revenue Bonds-2014	-	550,000	2,490	547,510	19,190
Notes Payable					
Capmark Finance	183,793	-	17,192	166,601	17,997
Rural Economic and					
Community					
Development	188,151	<u> </u>	5,379	182,772	7,495
Ducine on the Activities					
Business-type Activities	¢ 0.000 0.44	¢ 550.000	¢ 000.004	¢ 0,400,000	¢ 000 000
Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 2,806,944</u>	<u>\$ 550,000</u>	<u>\$ 920,061</u>	<u>\$ 2,436,883</u>	<u>\$ 339,682</u>

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Year(s) Gen		Il Fund Proprietary Funds			Total			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2015	\$ 2,109,974	\$ 2,914,834	\$ 339,682	\$ 98,051	\$ 2,449,656	\$ 3,012,885		
2016	2,206,802	2,848,912	89,843	92,428	2,296,645	2,941,340		
2017	1,895,001	2,774,603	577,490	88,900	2,472,491	2,863,503		
2018	2,040,000	2,700,539	77,529	65,559	2,117,529	2,766,098		
2019	2,190,000	2,619,769	78,947	58,287	2,268,947	2,678,056		
2020-2024	13,610,000	11,534,926	383,944	268,807	13,993,944	11,803,733		
2025-2029	19,355,000	7,663,805	394,943	183,842	19,749,943	7,847,647		
2030-2034	26,325,000	2,862,349	494,505	62,188	26,819,505	2,924,537		
	<u>\$ 69,731,777</u>	<u>\$ 35,919,737</u>	<u>\$ 2,436,883</u>	<u>\$ 918,062</u>	<u>\$ 72,168,660</u>	<u>\$ 36,837,799</u>		

On July 26, 2013, the District issued Water Quality Enhancement Bonds, Series 2013B in the amount of \$42,600,000. These bonds had a new premium of \$767,150 and bond issue costs of \$532,500. On the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance, these amounts are combined and shown as proceeds from issuance of bond payable. The Bonds have an interest rate of 2.50% -5.00% and semi-annual maturity dates through December 2033.

### 10. LINE OF CREDIT

On April 25, 2014, the District entered into a line of credit agreement in the amount of \$2,831,651 with a local bank, which expires on May 1, 2015. The note is collateralized by all District assets. The line bears interest at a rate in line with the U.S. prime index. At June 30, 2014 the District had an outstanding amount of \$2,175,493 on the line of credit.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 11. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The District has identified fund balances on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund as of June 30, 2014 as follows:

Nonspendable Prepaid expenses		\$ 266,294
Restricted Bond escrow Federal programs Total restricted	\$ 35,157,487 <u>2,092,228</u>	37,249,715
Committed Wetland mitigation Watershed fees Ice jam	5,440 383,795 <u>151,585</u>	5 40 000
Total committed		540,820
Assigned Uninsured liability		50,000
Unassigned		17,519,750
Total fund balance		<u>\$ 55,626,579</u>

### 12. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE AND SICK PAY

The estimated current portion of the liability for vested vacation benefits and sick leave is \$130,143 and \$27,967 at June 30, 2014, respectively. These amounts are recorded as expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The long-term portion is \$207,311 and \$271,224, respectively, at June 30, 2014. These amounts are recorded as non-current liabilities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. The amount of unvested sick leave benefits payable amounts to \$897,573 at June 30, 2014, and is not reported as an expenditure or liability in any of the District's June 30, 2014 financial statements.

The change in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Governmental-type <u>Activity:</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Compensated Absences	<u>\$ 648,547</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,902</u>	<u>\$ 636,645</u>	<u>\$ 158,110</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 13. OPERATING LEASE

The District entered into a leasing agreement for copy machines in September 2011, and a leasing agreement for a desktop copier in December 2011. The District pays \$620 per month plus applicable taxes for the 60-month copier lease, and \$42 per month plus applicable taxes for the desktop copier lease, as well as a charge per copy that is paid quarterly. During fiscal year 2014, the District's operating lease expense was \$7,944. Following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments.

Year ending June 30,:	<u>Amount</u>
2015	\$ 7,692
2016	7,440
2017	1,860

### 14. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All of the District's eligible employees participate in the Nebraska Association of Resources Districts Employees' Governmental Retirement Plan, a statewide multiple-employer retirement system covering all eligible employees of Natural Resources Districts within the State of Nebraska.

All employees who are employed for a minimum of six months, are regularly scheduled to work at least thirty-seven and one-half hours per week, and are age nineteen or older are eligible to participate n the State retirement plan. The District requires all full-time employees to participate. Participants become fully vested after five years, which is applicable only to the employer's contribution.

Plan participants are required to contribute 5.5% of their compensation each pay period, and the District is required to contribute 6.0% of the employee's compensation for each pay period. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$185,654, which were the required contributions.

### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has committed future funds to several ongoing and new projects and cost share agreements. The total commitments under signed contracts at year-end were approximately \$12,524,600. Since the future expenditures will be included in the District's future budgets and are part of the District's function, these commitments have not been recorded in the District's financial statements.

The District engages in land development projects and occasionally invokes eminent domain to acquire the required land to undertake the project. The value of the land acquired by the District when eminent domain is invoked is determined by either a board of appraisers in the affected county, or through the judiciary. The amount of payments that may be required for land, if any, is unknown at June 30, 2014.

The District participates in various federal and state assisted grant and contract programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any revision or disallowance resulting from a federal or state audit may become a liability of the District. The District's management believes such revisions or disallowances, if any, will not be material to the accompanying financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED

Certain conditions may exist as of the date of the financial statements which may result in a loss to the District, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The District's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the District or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the District's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. At June 30, 2014, a reasonable estimate could not be determined for any potential loss contingencies.

### 16. FIDUCIARY FUND: PAPILLION CREEK WATERSHED PARTNERSHIP

The Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership ("PCWP") was created in 2001 through an inter-local agreement to proactively deal with the demands on the Papillion Creek drainage area and to develop an implementation plan that addresses solutions to water quantity and quality problems. The Papillion Creek Watershed consists of the land area that conveys water to the Missouri River. The PCWP is comprised of 9 local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed. These local governments fund engineering studies, but do not do any actual construction projects. The District is the administering agent.

### 17. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God. These risks are transferred to independent insurance carriers and no self-insurance program is maintained by the District. District management believes adequate coverage exists for potential exposures as of June 30, 2014. The District did not pay any settlement amounts, which exceeded its insurance coverage for the year ending June 30, 2014, 2013 or 2012.

### 18. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District has made a prior period adjustment on its government wide financial statements for \$297,851 to increase construction in progress for amounts contributed to construction of the Platte River (MOPAC) Trail, which will be owned and maintained by the District. On the prior year financial statements this amount was recorded as an expense on the Statement of Activities. This adjustment had no impact on the fund financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### **19. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE**

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassifies, as deferred outflows or resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The result of implementation was a direct adjustment to net position, in the amount of \$238,690 in governmental activities to eliminate bond issue costs previously capitalized on the statement of net position. Adopting this new accounting principle had no effect on the fund financial statements.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

					1			Variance
		Actual	Budget Original Final				Favorable Jnfavorable)	
REVENUES:		Actual		Onginai		FINAL	(	Jniavorable)
General administration	\$	18,409,236	\$	19,138,580	\$	19,138,580	\$	(729,344)
Watershed	Ψ	45,428,194	Ψ	45,672,801	Ψ	45,672,801	Ψ	(244,607)
Information and education		17,680		14,000		14,000		3,680
Flood control		3,983,693		3,493,720		3,493,720		489,973
Erosion control		2,969,745		3,197,419		3,197,419		(227,674)
Water quality		90,563		149,645		149,645		(59,082)
Recreation		8,120		6,000		6,000		2,120
Forestry and wildlife		5		102,010		102,010		(102,005)
Total revenues		70,907,236		71,774,175		71,774,175	_	(866,939)
EXPENDITURES:								
General administration		10,148,182		11,681,593		11,681,593		1,533,411
Watershed		21,822,306		56,390,197		56,390,197		34,567,891
Information and education		202.306		286.600		286.600		84,294
Flood control		7,264,166		7,055,390		7,055,390		(208,776)
Erosion control		3,510,282		6,277,675		6,277,675		2,767,393
Water quality		570,269		857,110		857,110		286,841
Recreation		1,200,161		5,032,175		5,032,175		3,832,014
Forestry and wildlife		884,794		1,238,062		1,238,062		353,268
Total expenditures	_	45,602,466		88,818,802		88,818,802		43,216,336
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
(BUDGETARY BASIS) AND OTHER SOURCES		25,304,770	\$	(17,044,627)	\$	(17,044,627)	\$	42,349,397
ADJUSTMENTS REQUIRED UNDER ACCOUNTING								
PRINCIPLES GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE								
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:								
To adjust revenues for accruals		1,583,333						
To adjust expenditures for accruals and prepaids		13,386						
GAAP BASIS INCREASE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	26,901,489						

See Accompanying Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

# NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the modified cash basis of accounting accepted or approved by the State of Nebraska. Under this basis of accounting, encumbered cash is considered an expenditure and is reported as a disbursement in the year the cash is encumbered.

### NOTE 2 – BUDGET LAW

The District is required by state law to hold public hearings and adopt annual budgets for all funds on the cash basis of accounting. Total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the total budgeted expenditures. Any revisions to the adopted budget of total expenditures to any fund require a public hearing.

### SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

REVENUES:	
Property tax	\$ 17,539,493
State grants	5,885,365
Federal grants	1,507,256
Local agency grants	2,534,661
Bond proceeds	42,834,650
Miscellaneous	532,563
Rental income	218,806
Interest income	48,860
Total revenues	 71,101,654
EXPENDITURES:	
Project construction and land	25,158,365
Special projects	157,026
Personnel	3,298,424
Professional services	3,099,307
Contract works	775,562
Cost-sharing and conservation assistance program	3,220,763
Employee benefits	924,847
Repairs and maintenance	355,946
Fees	174,457
Project legal costs	77,027
Information and education	95,354
Payroll taxes	248,848
Machinery and equipment	273,409
Insurance	278,805
Interest expense	2,949,709
Project operation and maintenance	351,877
Telephone, utilities and rent	174,798
Miscellaneous	3,445
Vehicle expense	342,202
Vehicles	
Travel	60,601
Printing and publications	60,845
Board of directors	67,695
Supplies and postage	131,158
Loss on assets held for sale	237,086
Uncollectible grants	237,000
Indirect cost reimbursement	(377,886)
Debt service	2,059,784
Total expenditures	 44,200,165
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	26,901,489
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 28,725,090
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 55,626,579

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION ACTUAL AND BUDGET PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Total	(Memorandum (	Only)	Washington Rural Water			Non-Major Proprietary Funds		
		Budget			Buo	dget		Buc	dget
	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Water sales	\$ 1,020,132	\$ 887,000	\$ 887,000	\$ 586,669	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 433,463	\$ 412,000	\$ 412,000
Customer charges and hookup fees	136,587	57,325	57,325	104,005	41,750	41,750	32,582	15,575	15,575
Miscellaneous	12,081	2,200	2,200	10,646	700	700	1,435	1,500	1,500
Total operating revenues	1,168,800	946,525	946,525	701,320	517,450	517,450	467,480	429,075	429,075
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Repairs and maintenance	22,955	13,250	13,250	18,730	9,050	9,050	4,225	4,200	4,200
Supplies and postage	10,657	13,400	13,400	3,196	3,850	3,850	7,461	9,550	9,550
Professional services	27,950	52,800	52,800	20,638	20,000	20,000	7,312	32,800	32,800
Personnel	426,303	393,000	393,000	205,574	168,500	168,500	220,729	224,500	224,500
Telephone, utilities and rent	23,856	23,050	23,050	12,265	9,200	9,200	11,591	13,850	13,850
Miscellaneous	2,198	7,675	7,675	922	4,700	4,700	1,276	2,975	2,975
Water purchase	313,643	258,000	258,000	214,474	151,000	151,000	99,169	107,000	107,000
Contract costs	294,059	263,000	263,000	245,104	160,000	160,000	48,955	103,000	103,000
Project construction and land	4,871	2,150	2,150	3,494	150	150	1,377	2,000	2,000
Project operation and maintenance	4,426	6,500	6,500	-	-	-	4,426	6,500	6,500
Depreciation and amortization	123,813	-	-	79,950	-	-	43,863	-	-
Vehicle expense	8,163	8,500	8,500	-	-	-	8,163	8,500	8,500
Bond expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indirect cost	418	1,750	1,750	375	600	600	43	1,150	1,150
Total operating expense	1,263,312	1,043,075	1,043,075	804,722	527,050	527,050	458,590	516,025	516,025
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(94,512)	(96,550)	(96,550)	(103,402)	(9,600)	(9,600)	8,890	(86,950)	(86,950)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):									
Assessment revenue	83.770	83,500	83,500	-	-	-	83,770	83,500	83,500
Interest income	20,547	5,680	5,990	18,745	3,500	3,500	1,802	2,180	2,490
Interest expense	(113,932)	(106,345)	(106,345)	(94,232)	(94,845)	(94,845)	(19,700)	(11,500)	(11,500)
Total non-operating income (expense)	(9,615)	(17,165)	(16,855)	(75,487)	(91,345)	(91,345)	65,872	74,180	74,490
rotai non-operating income (expense)	(9,013)	(17,103)	(10,000)	(13,401)	(91,343)	(91,343)	03,072	74,100	74,490
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(104,127)	<u>\$ (113,715</u> )	<u>\$ (113,405</u> )	(178,889)	<u>\$ (100,945</u> )	<u>\$ (100,945</u> )	74,762	<u>\$ (12,770</u> )	<u>\$ (12,460</u> )
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,771,115			5,340,073			2,431,042		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,666,988			<u>\$ 5,161,184</u>			\$ 2,505,804		

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	 Total	horn River		Pigeon Creek Drainage	W	estern Sarpy Drainage	 Elkhorn Breakout	R	Dakota tural Water	ston County Iral Water
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 431,350	\$ 136,826	\$	501	\$	113,314	\$ 6,615	\$	144,062	\$ 30,032
Certificates of deposit Service receivables	367,047 42,060	-		-		-	- 95		367,047 30,905	- 11,060
Interest receivable	42,000	-		-		-	90		30,903	36
Due from other funds		-		-		-	-			-
Current portion of installment receivable	-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Inventories	34,169	-		-		-	-		30,862	3,307
Total current assets	 875,054	 136,826		501		113,314	 6,710		573,268	 44,435
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:										
Reserved cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-	-		-	
Restricted certificates of deposit	42,686	-		-		-	-		-	42,686
Installment receivable, less current portion	-	-		-		-	-		-	
Capital assets	-									
Land	213,215	-		211,215		-	-		1,000	1,000
Capital improvements and infrastructure	2,729,992	-		-		-	-		1,771,117	958,875
Vehicles and equipment	57,459	-		-		-	-		57,459	-
Accumulated depreciation	 (905,584)	 -		-		-	 -		(611,048)	 (294,536)
Total capital assets	 2,095,082	 -		211,215		<u> </u>	 		1,218,528	 665,339
Total non-current assets	 2,137,768	 -	. <u> </u>	211,215		<u> </u>	 -		1,218,528	 708,025
	\$ 3,012,822	\$ 136,826	\$	211,716	\$	113,314	\$ 6,710	\$	1,791,796	\$ 752,460
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION										
CURRENT LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable	\$ 12,187	\$ -	\$	-	\$	976	\$ -	\$	7,925	3,286
Accrued expenses	2,266			-		-	-		1,499	767
Due to other funds	143,192	1,432		103,742		5,508	-		25,448	7,062
Current portion of long-term debt	 23,682	 					 -		<u> </u>	 23,682
Total current liabilities	181,327	1,432		103,742		6,484	-		34,872	34,797
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:	005 004									005 004
Long-term debt, less current portion	 325,691	 -		-			 -			 325,691
Total liabilities	 507,018	 1,432		103,742		6,484	 <u> </u>		34,872	 360,488
NET POSITION:										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,745,709	-		211,215		-	-		1,218,528	315,966
Restricted	42,686	-		-		-	-		-	42,686
Unrestricted	 717,409	 135,394		(103,241)		106,830	 6,710		538,396	 33,320
Total net position	 2,505,804	 135,394		107,974		106,830	 6,710		1,756,924	 391,972
	\$ 3,012,822	\$ 136,826	\$	211,716	\$	113,314	\$ 6,710	\$	1,791,796	\$ 752,460

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Total			Elkhorn River Stabilization			Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage			
				ıdget			dget	¥		dget	
	Actu	al	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	
OPERATING REVENUES:											
Water sales	\$ 4	33,463	\$ 412,000	\$ 412,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Customer charges and hookup fees		32,582	15,575	15,575	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sales		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		1,435	1,500	1,500							
Total operating revenues	4	67,480	429,075	429,075							
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Repairs and maintenance		4,225	4,200	4,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Supplies and postage		7,461	9,550	9,550	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Professional services		7,312	32,800	32,800	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	
Personnel	2	20,729	224,500	224,500	1,640	7,000	7,000	1,419	5,000	5,000	
Insurance		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Telephone, utilities, and rent		11,591	13,850	13,850	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		1,276	2,975	2,975	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water purchase		99,169	107,000	107,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contract costs		48,955	103,000	103,000	-	-	-	-	5,000	5,000	
Project construction and land		1,377	2,000	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Project operation and maintenance		4,426	6,500	6,500	-	5,000	5,000	-	500	500	
Depreciation and amortization		43,863	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vehicle expense		8,163	8,500	8,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bond expenditures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect cost		43	1,150	1,150			-				
Total operating expenses	4	58,590	516,025	516,025	1,640	17,000	17,000	1,419	10,500	10,500	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		8,890	(86,950)	(86,950)	(1,640)	(17,000)	(17,000)	(1,419)	(10,500)	(10,500)	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):											
Assessment revenue		83,770	83,500	83,500	19,237	20,000	20,000	47,349	45,000	45,000	
Gain on sale of fixed asset		-	,		,	,	,	,			
Interest income		1,802	2,180	2,490	107	120	120	42	50	50	
Interest expense	(	19,700)	(11,500)	(11,500)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Total non-operating income		65,872	74,180	74,490	19,344	20,120	20,120	47,391	45,050	45,050	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		74,762	<u>\$ (12,770</u> )	<u>\$ (12,460)</u>	17,704	<u>\$ 3,120</u>	\$ 3,120	45,972	\$ 34,550	\$ 34,550	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,4	31,042			117,690			62,002			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,5	05,804			\$ 135,394			\$ 107,974			

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Wes	Western Sarpy Drainage			Elkhorn Breakout			Dakota Rural Water			
		Bu	dget		Bu	dget	E		dget		
	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final		
OPERATING REVENUES:											
Water sales	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 317,030	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000		
Customer charges and hookup fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,992	12,200	12,200		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	721	1,000	1,000		
Total operating revenues	-	-	-				347,743	313,200	313,200		
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,562	3,000	3,000		
Supplies and postage	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,838	8,000	8,000		
Professional services	3,341	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	2,879	17,000	17,000		
Personnel	24,269	30,000	30,000	-	-	-	163,716	147,000	147,000		
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,	-		
Telephone, utilities, and rent	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,771	7,000	7,000		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	846	2,000	2,000		
Water purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,811	75,000	75,000		
Contract costs	13,350	6,000	6,000	-	-	-	26,088	80,000	80,000		
Project construction and land	500	1,000	1,000	-	-	-	877	1,000	1,000		
Project operation and maintenance	4,426	1,000	1,000	-	-	-	-	.,	.,		
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,208	-	-		
Vehicle expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,163	8,500	8,500		
Bond expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Indirect cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	650	650		
Total operating expenses	45,886	43,000	43,000	-	-	-	321,802	349,150	349,150		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(45,886)	(43,000)	(43,000)				25,941	(35,950)	(35,950)		
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):											
Assessment revenue	17.184	18,500	18,500	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset	, -	-,	-,				0	-	-		
Interest income	125	300	300	6	10	20	1,030	1,500	1,500		
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	, -	-	-		
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total non-operating income (expense)	17,309	18,800	18,800	6	10	20	1,030	1,500	1,500		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(28,577)	\$ (24,200)	\$ (24,200)	6	\$ 10	\$ 20	26,971	\$ (34,450)	\$ (34,450)		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	135,407			6,704			1,729,953				
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 106,830			\$ 6,710			\$ 1,756,924				

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Thurston County Rural Water				
		Budget			
	Actual	Original	Final		
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Water sales	\$ 116,433	\$ 112,000	\$ 112,000		
Customer charges and hookup fees	2,590	3,375	3,375		
Miscellaneous	714	500	500		
Total operating revenues	119,737	115,875	115,875		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Repairs and maintenance	663	1,200	1,200		
Supplies and Postage	623	1,550	1,550		
Professional services	1,092	5,800	5,800		
Personnel	29,685	35,500	35,500		
Telephone, utilities, and rent	6,820	6,850	6,850		
Miscellaneous	430	975	975		
Water purchase	29,358	32,000	32,000		
Contract costs	9,517	12,000	12,000		
Depreciation and amortization	9,655	-	-		
Indirect cost	-,	500	500		
Total operating expenses	87,843	96,375	96,375		
Total operating expenses	07,043	30,375	<u> </u>		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	31,894	19,500	19,500		
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):					
Interest income	492	200	500		
Interest expense	(19,700)	(11,500)	(11,500)		
Total non-operating income (expense)	(19,208)	(11,300)	(11,000)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	12,686	\$ 8,200	\$ 8,500		
	,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	379,286				
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 391,972</u>				

# SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	Cost		Interest Rate	
General fund				
Certificate of deposit				
Great Western Bank	\$	50,000	0.25%	
General fund - unrestricted, but reserved investments	<u>\$</u>	50,000		

# SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Cost	Interest Rate
Proprietary funds		
Certificates of deposit		
Dakota County		
Access Bank	\$ 100,744	1.00%
Access Bank	100,303	1.25%
Nebraska-Iowa State Bank	66,000	0.17%
Siouxland National Bank	100,000	0.50%
	367,047	
Washington County		
American National Bank	200,000	0.10%
Core Bank	100,000	0.40%
United Republic Bank	101,007	0.25%
United Republic Bank	101,175	0.50%
Premier Bank	200,687	0.40%
	702,869	
Thurston County		
Premier Bank	42,686	0.40%
	42,686	
Total	\$ 1,112,602	

# SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE POLICIES AND BONDS JUNE 30, 2014

#### REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

Real & Personal property; total limit \$15,288,732; deductible/\$5,000; Equipment Floater/\$184,708 on Miscellaneous Equipment with \$10,000 max on any one item; Scheduled Equipment \$1,583,190 with deductible/\$5,000; Flood coverage/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000; Earthquake and earth movement limit/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000.

#### **GENERAL LIABILITY**

Medical payments/\$10,000; Personal injury and advertising injury/\$1,000,000; Wrongful acts/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Employee benefits liability/\$1,000,000; Professional liability/\$1,000,000; Employment-related practices injury/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Damage to premises rented to you/\$1,000,000; bodily injury and property damage \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$3,000,000 general aggregate.

### COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE

Each accident/\$1,000,000; Medical payments/\$5,000; Uninsured and underinsured motorists/\$1,000,000; Collision deductible/\$500.

#### AIRCRAFT

Single limit, including passengers/\$10,000,000.

#### WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Bodily injury by accident/\$500,000; Bodily injury by disease/\$500,000.

### EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY BONDS

Public employees/\$100,000; with the exception of one \$15,000 Notary Bond. Forgery/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500; Computer fraud/\$100,000 with deductible/\$500; Theft, disappearance, and destruction/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500.

### COMMERCIAL EXCESS COVERAGE

Combined bodily injury and property damage/\$10,000,000.

### PUBLIC OFFICIAL

Wrongful acts / \$1,000,000 each; \$3,000,000 aggregate; \$10,000 deductible.

# SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2014

COUNTY	
Douglas	\$ 4,212,590
Sarpy	2,659,934
Washington	461,421
Dakota	352,748
Burt	62,986
Thurston	56,605
Dodge	 323
	\$ 7,806,607

# SCHEDULE OF CASH BALANCES HELD BY COUNTY TREASURERS JUNE 30, 2014

### GENERAL FUND

Douglas	\$ 241,034
Sarpy	59,495
Washington	7,095
Dakota	4,675
Burt	2,078
Thurston	385
Dodge	 904
	\$ 315,666

# INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-3223, N.R.S - 1943 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Gross income from all sources	\$ 29,540,121
Amount expended for Maintenance Improvements and other such programs	\$ 2,875,326 27,389,319
Total maintenance and improvements	\$ 30,264,645
Amount of depreciation on property during previous year	\$ 2,606,187
Number of employees as of June 30, 2014	 58
Gross salaries	\$ 3,298,424
Less amount reimbursed by projects	 (375,875)
Net salaries paid to employees	\$ 2,922,549

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Program	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Amount	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Natural Resource Conservation Service				
ARRA - Emergency Watershed Protection Program**	69-6526-2-812	10.923	\$ 865,000	\$ 798,313
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through the Nebraska Energy Management Agency				
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance	DR-4013-NR-0032	97.039	1,695,962	289,258
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality				
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants 319 Program	56-1281	66.46	278,400	44,113
Passed through the Nebraska Game and Parks				
Sport Fish Restoration Program** Sport Fish Restoration Program**	F-194-DB-1 F-186-B-1	15.605 15.605	825,000 500,000	16,000 359,572
Total				\$ 1,507,256

\*\* Major program

See Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

# NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

HSMC ORIZON LLC CPAs, BUSINESS & TECHNOLOGY CONSULTANTS 16924 FRANCES STREET OMAHA, NEBRASKA 68130

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November 7, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District** Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2014.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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November 7, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District** Omaha, Nebraska

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### SECTION 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Ur</u>	nmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	No	Х
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es):		None Re	ported
to be a material weakness(es).		None Re	poneu
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted:	Yes	No	х
MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	No	Х
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not			
considered to be a material weakness(es):		None Re	eported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major			
programs:		Un	modified
Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in		Nia	V
accordance with 510(a) OMB Circular A-133:	Yes	NO	X
The major programs tested for compliance were Sport Fish F and ARRA Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFD		(CFDA No.	15.605)
Threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B pro	ogram	\$	300,000
Is the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources			
District considered to be a low-risk auditee:	Yes <u>X</u>	No	

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### SECTION 2. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None reported.

### SECTION 3. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

# PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.

### MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.